

## W R E

Another, by a fall in *wrestling*, started the end of the clasp from the sternon.  
To play or *wrestle* well, it should be used with those that do it better.

None in the leap spring with so strong a bound,  
Or firmer in the *wrestling* press the ground.

I persuaded them, if they lov'd Benedick,  
To with him *wrestle* with affection.

And never to let Beatrice know of it.  
He knew not how to *wrestle* with desperate contingencies,  
and so abhorred to be entangled in such.

WRESTLER. *n. f.* [from *wrestle*.]  
1. One who wrestles; one who professes the athletic art.

Was not Charles, the duke's *wrestler*, here?  
When the young *wrestlers* at their sport grew warm,

Old Milo wept, to see his naked arm.  
'Tis not from whom, but where we live;

The place does oft those graces give:  
Great Julius, on the mountains bred,  
A flock perhaps, or herd, had led;

But the best *wrestler* on the green.  
So earnest with thy God, can no new care,  
No sense of danger, interrupt thy prayer?

The sacred *wrestler*, till a blessing giv'n,  
Quits not his hold, but halting conquers heav'n.

Two *wrestlers* help to pull each other down.  
WRETCH. *n. f.* [preca, Saxon.]

1. A miserable mortal.  
When I loved, I was a *wretch*.

She weeps, and says her Henry is depos'd;  
He smiles, and says his Edward is install'd;

That she, poor *wretch*, for grief can speak no more.  
The butcher takes away the calf,  
And binds the *wretch*, and beats it when it strives.

Illustrious *wretch*! repine not, nor reply:  
View not what heav'n ordains, with reason's eye;

For bright the object is, the distance is too high.  
2. A worthless forry creature.

Bale-minded *wretches*, are your thoughts so deeply bemired  
in the trade of ordinary worldlings, as for respect of gain some  
pastry wool may yield you, to let so much time pass without  
knowing perfectly her estate?

Has these poor men in question: never saw I  
*Wretches* to quake; they kneel, they kiss the earth,  
Forbear themselves as often as they speak.

Title of honour, worth and virtue's rights,  
Should not be given to a *wretch* so vile.

When they are gone, a company of starved hungry *wretches*  
shall take their places.

3. It is used by way of slight, or ironical pity, or contempt.  
When soon away the wisp doth go;

Poor *wretch* was never frightened to:  
He thought his wings were much too slow,

O'erjoy'd they to be parted.  
Then, if the spider find him fast beset,  
She issues forth, and runs along her loom:

She joys to touch the captive in her net,  
And drags the little *wretch* in triumph home.

4. It is sometimes a word of tenderness, as we now say *poor*  
*thing*.

Chastened but thus, and thus his lesson taught,  
The happy *wretch* she put into her braid.

WRETCHED. *adj.* [from *wretch*.]  
1. Miserable; unhappy.

These we should judge to be most miserable, but that a  
*wretcher* fort there are, on whom, whereas nature hath be-

flowed ripe capacity, their evil disposition seriously goeth about  
therewith to apprehend God, as being not God.

O cruel death! to those you are more kind,  
Than to the *wretched* mortals left behind.

Why do'st thou drive me  
To range all o'er a waste and barren place,  
To find a friend? The *wretched* have no friends.

2. Calamitous; afflictive.  
3. Sorry; pitiful; paltry; worthless.

When God was served with legal sacrifices, such was the  
miserable and *wretched* condition of some mens minds, that  
the best of every thing they had, being culled out for them-

selves, if there were in their flocks any poor, starved, or dis-

eased thing not worth the keeping, they thought it good  
enough for the altar of God.

Affected noise is the most *wretched* thing,  
That to contempt can empty scribbles bring.

Forgive the many failings of those who, with their *wretched*  
art, cannot arrive to those heights that you possess.

4. Despicable; hatefully contemptible.  
An adventure worthy to be remembered for the unused ex-

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amples therein, as well of true natural goodness as of *wretched*  
ungratefulness.

WRETCHEDLY. *adv.* [from *wretched*.]  
1. Miserably; unhappily.

From these two wars, so *wretchedly* entered into, the duke's  
ruin took its date.

2. Meanly; despicably.  
When such little shuffling arts come once to be tipped up,  
and laid open, how poorly and so *wretchedly* must that man stick,

who finds himself guilty and baffled too?

WRETCHEDNESS. *n. f.* [from *wretched*.]  
1. Misery; unhappiness; afflicted state.

My misery cannot be greater than it is: fear not the danger  
of my blind steps, I cannot fall worse than I am, and do not  
obstinately continue to infect thee with my *wretchedness*.

2. What hard misfortune brought to such distress,  
And made that cut-throat's thrall the thrall of *wretchedness*.

To lowest *wretchedness*; and is there then  
Such rancor in the hearts of mighty men?

When they are weary of wars, and brought down to ex-  
treme *wretchedness*, then they creep a little, and sue for grace,

'till they have recovered their strength again.  
I love not to see *wretchedness* o'ercharg'd,  
And duty in his service perishing.

We have with the feeling lost the very memory of such  
*wretchedness* as our forefathers endured by those wars, of all  
others the most cruel.

2. Pitifulness; despicableness.  
WRETCHLESS. *n. f.* [This is, by I know not whose corrup-  
tion, written for *reckless*.] Careless; mindless; heedless.

For any man to put off his present repentance, on con-  
templation of a possibility that his later repentance may serve the  
turn, is the most *wretchless* presumption, and hath no promise  
of mercy annexed to it.

If persons of so circumspect a piety have been thus over-  
taken, what security can there be for our *wretchless* olivian?

To WRIGGLE. *v. n.* [wrgan, Saxon; wriggelen, Dutch.] To  
move to and fro with short motions.

If sheep or thy lamb fall a *wriggling* with tail,  
Go by and by search it, whiles help may prevail.

The busy importunities of these extensional phantoms I  
look upon as contemptuously, as upon the quick *wrigglings* up  
and down of pismires.

The excellency of fawing is to keep kerk exactly in the  
line marked to be fawn, without *wriggling* on either side.

To bed went the bridegroom and the bride:  
Was never such an ill-pair'd couple y'd;

Reffless he to's'd, and tumbled to and fro,  
And roll'd and *wriggled* farther off for woe.

How wildly will ambition steer!  
A vermin *wriggling* in th' usurper's ear.

And both he and his successors would often *wriggle* in their  
scats as long as the cushion lasted.

To WRIGGLE. *v. a.* To put in a quick reciprocating motion;  
to introduce by shifting motion.

Ralpho was mounted now, and gotten  
O'erthwart his beast with active vaulting,

*Wriggling* his body to recover  
His seat, and cast his right leg over.

A slim thin-gutted fox made a hard shift to *wriggle* his body  
into a hen-roost.

WRIGGLETAIL. *n. f.* For *wrigglingtail*. See WRIGGLE.

My ragged ronts all shiver and shake;  
They wont in the wind, wagg their *wriggletails*.

Peak as a peacock, but nought it avails.  
WRIGHT. *n. f.* [wrihta, wrihta, Saxon.] A workman; an  
artificer; a maker; a manufacturer.

It is impossible duly to consider these things, without being  
rapt into admiration of the infinite wisdom of the Divine  
Architect, and contemplating the arrogant pretences of the  
world and animal *wrights*, and much more the productions of  
chance.

The verb To write has the same found with *wright*, a work-  
man, right or equity, and rite or ceremony; but spelled very  
differently.

To WRING. *v. a.* preter. and part. pass. *wringed* and *wrung*.  
[wrgan, Saxon.]

1. To twist; to turn round with violence.  
The priest shall *wring* off his head, and burn it on the  
altar.

2. To force out of any body by contortion.  
He thrust the fleece together, and *wringed* the dew out of  
it, a bowl full of water.

The dress all the wicked shall *wring* out and drink. Ps. lxxxv.  
The figure of a furling woman, done by Michael Angelo,  
washing and winding of linen cloths; in which act, the *wrights*  
out the water that made the fountain.

2

Apply

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Apply mild detergents on pledgets of lint over it, with a  
compress *wring* out.

3. To squeeze; to press.  
In sleep I heard him say, sweet Dido, mona,  
Let us be wary, let us hide our loves!

And then, fir, would he gripe and *wring* my hand.

4. To write.  
The filly owner of the goods  
Weeps over them, and *wrings* his hapless hands.

5. To pinch.  
The king began to find where his shoe did *wring* him, and  
that it was his depressing the house of York that did rankle and  
fester the affections of his people.

6. To force by violence; to extort.  
I had rather coin my heart,  
And drop my blood for drachma's, than to *wring*  
From the hard hands of peasants their vile trash  
By any indirection.

Who can be bound by any solemn vow  
To *wring* the widow from her custom'd right,  
And have no other reason for his wrong,  
But that he was bound by a solemn oath?

7. That which I must speak,  
Must either punish me, not being believ'd,  
Or *wring* redress from you.

Threatening cruel death, constrain'd the bride  
To *wring* from me, and tell to them my secret.

8. To distort; to distort; to torture.  
He dives into the king's soul, and there scatters  
Doubts, dangers, *wringing* of the confidence,  
Fear and despair, and all these for his marriage.

9. To wring my soul, thou couldst not talk thus coldly.  
To *wring* this sentence, to *wring* thereby out of men's  
hands the knowledge of God's doctrine, is without all reason.

10. Lord, how dare these men thus *wring* the scriptures? *White*.  
To persecute with extortion.

11. The merchant-adventurers have been often wronged and  
*wringed* to the quick; but they were never quick and lively in  
thanks to those by whose endeavours they were freed.

12. To WRING. *v. n.* To writhe with anguish.  
'Tis all men's office to speak patience  
To those that *wring* under the load of sorrow;

13. But no man's virtue nor sufficiency,  
To be so moral, when he shall endure  
The like himself.

WRINGER. *n. f.* [from *wring*.] One who squeezes the water  
out of cloths.

One Mrs. Quickly is in the manner of his nurse, his laun-  
dress, his washer, and his *wringer*.

WRINKLE. *n. f.* [wrihta, wrihta, Saxon; wrinkle, Dutch.]

1. Corrugation or furrow of the skin or the face.  
Give me that glass, and therein will I read:  
No deeper *wrinkles* yet? Hath sorrow struck  
So many blows upon this face of mine,

And made no deeper wounds?  
She hath continued a virgin without any visible token, or  
least *wrinkle* of old age.

2. To see a beggar's brat in riches flow,  
Adds not a *wrinkle* to my even brow.

3. Though you and all your senseless tribe,  
Could art, or time, or nature bribe,  
To make you look like beauty's queen,  
And hold for ever at fifteen;

4. No bloom of youth can ever blind  
The cracks and *wrinkles* of your mind:  
All men of sense will pass your doot,  
And crowd to Stella's at fourscore.

5. Any roughness.  
Our British heav'n was all serene;  
No threatening cloud was nigh;  
Not the least *wrinkle* to deform the sky.

6. To WRINKLE. *v. a.* [wrihta, Saxon.]

1. To corrugate; to contract into furrows.  
It is still fortune's use  
To let the wretched man outlive his wealth,

2. To view with hollow eyes and *wrinkled* brow  
An age of poverty.

3. Scorn makes us *wrinkle* up the nose, and stretch the nostrils  
also, at the same time drawing up the upper lip.

4. Here steams ascend,  
That in mist fumes the *wrinkled* nose offend.

5. Here stood ill-nature, like an ancient maid,  
Her *wrinkled* form in black and white array'd.

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2. To make rough or uneven.  
A keen north-wind, blowing dry,  
*Wrinkled* the face of deluge, as decay'd.

WRIST. *n. f.* [wrist, Saxon.] The joint by which the hand  
is joined to the arm.

He took me by the *wrist*, and held me hard.

The brawn of the arm must appear full, shadowed on one  
side; then shew the *wrist*-bone thereof.

The axillary artery, below the cubit, divideth unto two  
parts; the one running along the radius, and passing by the  
*wrist*, or place of the pulse, is at the fingers subdivided unto  
three branches.

WRISTBAND. *n. f.* [*wrist* and *band*.] The fastening of the  
shirt at the hand.

WRIT. *n. f.* [from *write*.]

1. Any thing written; scripture. This sense is now chiefly used  
in speaking of the Bible.

The church, as a witness, preacheth his mere revealed  
truth, by reading publicly the sacred Scripture; so that a se-  
cond kind of preaching is the reading of holy *writ*.

Divine Eliza, sacred empress,  
Live she for ever, and her royal place  
Be fill'd with praises of divinely wits,  
That her eternize with their heavenly *writs*.

Bagdat rises out of the ruins of the old city of Babylon, so  
much spoken of in holy *writ*.

Others famous after known,  
Although in holy *writ* not nam'd,  
He cannot keep his fingers from meddling with holy *writ*.

Sacred *writ* our reason does exceed.

His story, filled with so many surprising incidents, bears so  
close an analogy with what is delivered in holy *writ*, that it is  
capable of pleasing the most delicate reader, without giving  
offence to the most scrupulous.

Of ancient *writ* unlocks the learned store,  
Consults the dead, and lives past ages o'er.

2. A judicial process.  
Hold up your head: hold up your hand,  
Wou'd it were not my lot to thew ye  
This cruel *writ*, wherein you stand  
Indicted by the name of Cloe.

3. A legal instrument.  
The king is fled to London,  
To call a present court of parliament:  
Let us pursue him, ere the *writs* go forth.

I folded the *writ* up in form of th' other,  
Subscrib'd it, gave the impression, plac'd it safely,  
The changeling never known.

For every *writ* of entry, whereupon a common recovery is  
to be suffered, the queen's fine is to be rated upon the *writ*  
original, if the hands comprised therein be held.

WRIT. The prerogative of *writ*.  
When Sappho *writ*,  
By their applause the critics shou'd their wit.

WRITATIVE. A word of Pope's coining: not to be imitated.  
Increase of years makes men more talkative, but less *writa-*  
tive; to that degree, that I now write no letters but of plain  
how d'ye's.

To WRITE. *v. a.* preterite *writ* or *wrote*; part. pass. *written*,  
*writ*, or *wrote*. [wrihan, wrihan, Saxon; ad rita, Islandick;  
*writa*, a letter, Gothick.]

1. To express by means of letters.  
I'll *write* you down,  
The which shall point you forth, at every sitting,  
What you must say.

Men's evil manners live in brags, their virtues we *write* in  
water.

When a man hath taken a wife, and she find no favour in  
his eyes, then let him *write* her a bill of divorcement.

David *wrote* a letter to Joab, and sent it by Uriah.

The time, the place, the manner how to meet,  
Were all in punctual order plainly *writ*.

2. To engrave; to impress.  
Cain was so fully convinced that every one had a right to  
destroy such a criminal, that he cries out, every one that find-  
eth me shall slay me; so plain was it *writ* in the hearts of all  
mankind.

3. To produce as an author.  
When more indulgent to the writer's ease,  
You are so good, to be so hard to please;  
No such convulsive pangs it will require  
To *write*—the pretty things that you admire.

4. To tell by letter.  
I chose to *write* the thing I durst not speak  
To her I lov'd.

To WRITE. *v. n.*

1. To perform the act of writing.  
I have seen her rise from her bed, take forth paper, fold it,  
and *write* upon't.

2. To perform the act of writing.  
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Bassanio